

amateur radio

Vol. 35, No. 11 NOVEMBER 1967

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a pair,

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9	12 in.	30-13,00	0 20	watts	818	.73
related 7	when with	"Free	Edge"	bass	cone :	ind
1 twee	8 in. 10 in.					
.50	\$ In.	30-22,00	00 15	watts	\$23	1.75
X50	10 In.	25-22,00	00 20	watts	836	1.00
KS0	12 in.	18-22,00	0 25	watts	\$60	.50
gie Ca	ne ™Free 5 in.	Edge" !	type:			
			8 00	watte	\$18	.00
ession	al Series:					
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ID 616	" So ker	200-6.00	00 25	watte	221	.00
Bin	" Sp"ker Woofer	37-4.00	15	watte	\$28	1.25
10 10	in. Woofe	r 25-1.00	10 20	waite	841	.00
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ase Note.—A7 and A8 types are available in r 8 or 18 ohm Volce Coll. A50, CX50, TX50 Processional types, 16 ohms only.

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AMATEUR RADIO"

NOVEMBER 1967 Vol. 35, No. 11

L. E. PINCOTT	CONTENTS			
Assistant Editor:	CONTENTS			
G. Manifold VICHEM		Page		
. G. Manifold	Technical Articles:—			
ublications Committee:	Field Effect Transistors	17		
, W. Baty (Secretary) VK3AOM	Improvements to Swan 240 Transceiver	15		
. W. Chandler (Circulation) WCLC	RTTY the Easy Way-or-Driftitis Controlled	8		
. M. Cocking VK3ZFQ	Old-band Notes Old-band on Old Band			
an Gillespie VK3GK				
V, E, J, Roper VK3ARZ				
	The VK3 V.h.f. Group 6-Metre Converter	5		
Proughtsmen:—				
no Smith 35 Green St., Noble Park	W.I.A. Federal Executive:-			
	Federal Comment:			
	Federal Communications	2		
Advertising Enquiries:	Introdes Wetch			
C/o. P.O. Box 38, East Melbourne, Vic., 3002.	T			
Ars. BELLAIRS, Phone 41-3335, 478 Victoria wrace, East Melbourne, Vic., 3002. Hours: D a.m. to 3 p.m. only.	Federal Communication No. 4: The New Handbook	3		
	General:-			
ublishers:				
ICTORIAN DIVISION W.I.A.	A. C. (Chas.) Hawker, VR1B	13		
eg. Office: 478 Victoria Parade, East Mel-	Correspondence	22		
ourne, Vic., 8002.	Ghastly!	22		
	Prediction Charts for November 1967	16		
rinters;	W.I.A. D.X.C.C.	21		
RICHMOND CHRONICLE," Phone 42-2419.				
hakespeare Street, Richmond, Vic., 3121.	Contests:—			
		23		
*				
	1967 Remembrance Day Contest Results: Victoria's First 1	Vin 18		
Il matters pertaining to "A.R.," other than ubscriptions, should be addressed to:				
	Notes:—			
THE EDITOR, "AMATEUR RADIO,"	DX	21		
P.O. BOX 38.	Federal and Divisional Monthly News Reports	25		
EAST MELBOURNE, VIC., 3002.	Publications Committee Reports	22		
	SWL	22		
cknowledgments will be sent following the	VHF	23		
ommittee meeting on the second Monday of				

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mbers of the W.I.A. should r regarding delivery of "A.R." islonal Secretary and not to e-members of the W.I.A. at the control of the w.I.A. at the w.I.A. at the w.I.A. at the w.I.A. at the control of the w.I.A. at the

FEDERAL COMMENT:

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS

In response to several requests from Divisions for Federal items for their broadcasts, and also in line with the present Executive's policy of increasing the Federal content of "A.R." we present a new news format this month.

Briefly, in each month's "A.R." three or four short news items on different topics will appear. Each of these will be pre-released by F.E. simultaneously, oce a week, to Divisional Federal Councillors who will forward a copy to their Broadcast Committee. Therefore, this material will be firstly on Divisional Broadcasts, and secondly in "A.R." Some of the Items will be from that mass of correspondence passing through F.E.S bands, which appears as roughly the control of the Committee of the Commi tine to Executive but contains many matters of general interest to members. In particular, we would like to mention at this moment the liaison continually undertaken with hdq. of I.A.R.U., the International Amateur Radio Union.

The Federal Secretary of the W.I.A. has been corresponding actively with I.A.R.U. in a generate to clarify points pertinent to the Institute's policy towards Region III. Liston. Suggestions on the policy to be adopted with regard to South-East Asia and I.A.R.U. will be passed along to Divisions in the near future. Liston with R.S.G.B. and A.R.R.L. as representing Regions I. and III. has been undertaken, and covers such matters as reciprocal licensing, methods used by Instructer Watch systems in those Regions. right down the line to comments and methods used overseas to control car ignition suppression.



Recently in the Australian press, comment has been passed relating to a possible change in the structure of the PMG's Department, notably to suggest a Statutory Corporation to undertake the business activities of the Post Office. In order that we may be prepared, the Institute has sought comment from ARLI.- refe American FCC. system, and from RS.G.B. on contemporary events in the U.K. These comments from oversess are intended to give Executive some background just in case changes are suggested in regard to the regulatory functions at present undertaken by the PMG's Department.

Just at these treatings are suggested as regard to the regulatory functions as present undertaken by the Farth. By Department.

From time to time W.I.A. has to vole as an I.A.R.U. member on International matters. Recently an affirmative vole was east on three proposals to admit new Amateur Societies to I.A.R.U. Notably the Radio Club of Mondurat (R.C.H.). He Central Radio Club of Busingaria (C.R.C.B.) and the Association des Radio Anatteurs Ivoities (A.R.A.I.)—the Nitional Society of the Ivory Coast. Defails of their organisation and ilensing requirements are received and studied to give us more guide as to overeast ternation in Amateur Internation. It is of interest to hote that all three of these countries report a good attitude of their government to Amateur Radio.

Details of the LARU. Region II. conference at Caracas, Venezuela, earlier this year are to hand, and it may be noted that at the conference it was felt more development should be given to v.h.f. and u.h.f. in Region II., and plans developed for expanded emergency communications networks in that region.

In addition to domestic matters of International Amateur Radio, Executive is kept informed on I.T.U. matters. A In addition to domestic matters of international Aniactor Radio, Executive is kept inflored of A.C. Inactor. World Administration Radio Conference to deal with matters relating to the Maritime Mobile Service is being held in Geneva world Administration ratios Control to Nov. 4). The agenda, like that of other recent specialised conference is strictly limited to matters concerning the specific service. The meeting will not deal with questions affecting Amateur Radio, and as yet there has been no indication of any plans for a conference to deal with frequency allocations.

So, from time to time these Federal news items will be presented to you indicating the state of liaison both at home and overseas, and the efforts being made to keep in touch. This is also a new effort to keep W.I.A. in touch with its members.

INTRUDER WATCH

Institute policy on Intruder Watch was determined at Hobart last Easter by means of Motion 2.3: "That in confirmity with I.A.R.U. policy, the Wireless Institute of Australia inangurale an Intruder Watch Service on an organized basis to be administered by Federal Executive." This was moved by Federal Executive, seconded by the Queenlab Division, and carried unanimously.

In October "Amateur Radio" on page 24, Max Hull, VK\$2S, the W.I.A. Pederal President, outlined in a very compre-hensive report the need for an Intruder Watch, and asked for your assistance. Please read it, and it you can offer your assistance as indicated, do so immediately. It is of interest to note that this move was initiated in answer to a request assurance as indicated, do so immediately. It is of interest to note that this higher was inflated in answer to a r from International Amateur Radio Union headquarters and we quote from I.A.R.U. Calendar of this year on page 5:

"The headquarters again urges Member Societies of the Union to establish some form of Intruder Watch". Section 3, Article 3, of the Radio Regulations, Geneva 1959, states as follows:

"Administrations of the members and associate members of the International Telecommunications Union (I.T.U.) shall not assign to a station any frequency in derogation of either the table of frequency allocations given in his chapler or the other provisions of the Regulations, except on the express condition that harmful interference shall not be caused to services carried on by stations operating in accordance with the provisions of the Convention and of these Regulations.

What this section of I.T.U. Regulations means to us Amateurs is that if a station in the fixed or broadcasting service operates in the Amateur bands, this operation is permitted under the terms of the I.T.U. Regulations, provided no interference is caused to the Amateur Service; thus it is essential that we Amateurs file complaints of interference whenever it occurs.

It is abort, it is not just the pulsance caused by an introder, but the LTU. Regulations will permit him to be the control of manner.

insured as indicated in Max's article, on page 24 of October "Annateur Radio," the A.R.R.L and the R.S.G.R. have a specific system of montioring, recording and reporting. These systems have been communicated to the W.H.A. recently, and they have been examined by the intruder Watch Committee, which at the moment consists of Federal President, Max Hull, VK2SZ; Assistant Federal Secretary, Peter Williams, VKRZ; Federal Lisiano Others, George Pither, VKXXX; and Federal VRAZES, Assistant Federal Secretary, Feder Williams, VRAZE, Federal Liston Officer, George Flither, VRAYK; and Federal Secretive members, Dr. David Wardins, VRAZMW, who has agreed to become the Federal Operation Officer of the WLA. ARRLI, and while living in British was a member of R.S.G.B.; therefore he has first hand knowledge of the systems used overseas and his experience will, no doubt, be waluable in setting up Intruder what ha ARRLIA and while living in British was a member of R.S.G.B.; therefore he has first hand knowledge of the systems used overseas and his experience will, no doubt, be waluable in setting up Intruder what his Australia.

So keeping in mind the comments made earlier that intruders are not just nuisances, but may become permanently established in the Amateur bands, the W.I.A. is instituting an Intruder Watch Service which, at the present moment, is (Continued on Page 4)

THE NEW HANDBOOK

IN the October 1967 issue of "A.R."
the background to the revision of
the Handbook was given, as was a
brief list of changes made. This and
subsequent articles will describe some
of the more important of these changes
in greater detail.

Before doing so, it may well be appropriate to reiterate how the Amateur Service is regulated. In Australia all licences to transmit by radio are currently issued and administered by the Postmaster-General's Denartment.

The basic legislation making this the responsibility of the Department is the Wireless Telegraphy Act. Because this Act is very broad in its scope, more copicit "rules" are set out in the Wireless Telegraphy and the Regulations made under the Act. Not all of these Regulations apply to the Amsteur Service, but the effect of three Unit do is explained in detail of these with a service that the Department, which is issued by the Department.

One of the most obvious changes is the re-organisation of the contents. So far as possible, all related provisions are grouped together to keep the need for a support of the relationship of the relationship

have been made are:

SIDEBAND POWER
 As indicated in a letter from the Department which was printed in December 1966 issue of "A.R.," the power limit for single sideband suppressed or reduced carrier is now 400 watts peak

Until the Department's letter was published, the a.m./c.w. limit of 130 wats dc. input to the final had applied but just what this meant in terms of sideband was far from clear. How to measure it was even more obscure.

It was agreed that the problem could be solved, and parity achieved if a peak sideband output equal to the usual class C fully modulated a.m. peak output was used as a basis for the power limit. The type, number and class of operation of the output tubes used in the sideband rig would thus not need to sideband rig would thus not need to properlied and the Amsteur would conformation of the control of the con

Thus the new Handbook states:—

"Paragraph 72—Where an Amateur Station is utilising A3A or A3J emission, the peak envelope power of the radio frequency output, measured at the input to the antenna transmission line, shall not exceed 400 watts ...' Note.—A3A is single sideband reduced carrier and A3J is single sideThe method of power measurement to be used with sideband transmitters is substantially that currently prescribed by the British Post Office.

The new Handbook states:—
"Paragraph 72—The determination
of power shall be made by the following method:

"Apply two non-harmonically related sinusoidal tones of equal amplitude to the single sideband transmitter which is operating into a resistive dummy load and as With an oscilloscope connected across this load, the transmitter with the carrier fully suppressed is adjusted for maximum power ation as indicated visually on the

oscilloscope,
"The power output is then calculated by the formula;

Pm = I* R

where Pm = Mean power in watts.

I = R.f. current ampere flowing in the dummy load.

R = Resistance of dum-

my load in ohms.

"The resultant figure, being mean power, is doubled to give peak envelope power. This value must not exceed 400 watts."

2. COMPONENTS

The old Handbook contained a provision that the combination of components used in the power supply and final should not be capable of allowing operation at higher power levels than those permitted. The string of components had to contain a "weak link" as it were not be exceeded.

This may have been a reasonable provision during the immediate post war period when very high power transmitters could be obtained the appearance of the control of the control of the country of the control of the con

As an analogy it was argued that motor cars are not designed to ensure compliance with speed limits. The onus is on the driver to ensure that he does not misuse his car in such a way as to break the law.

Therefore, the restriction has been deleted from the new Handbook and an Amateur can now use what combination of components he wishes in constructing a transmitter.

One thing must be emphasised. The hamateur remains liable at all times to ensure that his transmitting equipment is operated within the permitted power limits. The deletion of the restriction on certain combinations of components will provide no excuse for exceeding the power limit at any time.



marona riopouni, Praori a

3. FREQUENCY MEASURING EQUIPMENT

The old Handbook required that an Amsteur should possess frequency measuring equipment of a specified type of the product of the state of the state

w states that:—
"Faragraph 54—The licensee of an Amateur Station shall take all steps alone should be station shall take all steps alone from his station are within the limits of the Amateur frequency band on which he is operating. For this purpose he shall have availaring equipment capable of verifying that emissions are within suthorised Amateur bands."

For example, simple band edge crystal calibrators could come within the scope of the above requirement. The individual Amateur is still fully responsible for keeping in the band he is working on and he will have to show mean the elects to use will do this satisfactority.

So long as the Amateur can ensure that his transmission is within the band, he is no longer required to be able to determine his precise frequency within the band.

4. TYPES OF EMISSION

With the much wider use of modes of transmission, such as fm, r.t.t.y., etc., it was felt that a greater choice of mode should be available on the different frequency bands. The new table is shown in Table 1.

If Table 1 is compared with the old

If lable is compared with the old table and with the individual Amateur's station licence it will be seen that a much wider choice of mode is now allowed.

5. PORTABLE AND MOBILE OPERATION

Under the provisions of the old Handbook licensees were required to apply to the Department when they wished to operate portable for periods in excess of 24 hours on frequencies below 52 (Continued on Page 4)

FEDERAL COMMENT (Continued from Page 2)

just getting under way. However, co-operation is needed from Amateurs and Short Wave Listeners, not only in being increasingly vigilant in reporting interference from intruders, but also offering help as requested in the report, page 24, October "Amateur Radio".

Consideration of Signia. Incidentally, those of you who have r.i.i.y. equipment, your services are also settemently valuable as many inturfer stations are establishing teletype circuits in the Amadeus bands. Once again, the Pederal Operations Officer for Intruder Watch is David Wardiaw, WKSADW, C/o. Box 2611W, G.P.O. Melbourne, 3001, and again, an intruder station may become permanently and legitimately established if the interference he causes is not reported.

THE AUSTRALIS-OSCAR "A" SATELLITE

Last month the organisers of "Project Australis", namely the Melbourne University Astronautical Society, delivered copies of a very well-produced User's Guide to co-ordinators in each State. Federal Executive also obtained some of these and a copy has been forwarded to each Division of the W.I.A. through the Federal Councillor.

Recent publicity in the press and on t.y. has raised doubts in the minds of some Amateurs as to the exact status of Recent publicity in the press and on t.v. has raised doubts in the minds of some Amateurs as to the exact status of this satellite. In August "Amateur Radio" of this year, page 3, it is stated in an article that: "The entire operation will be supervised by Project Australis, and not available to any Amateur". The organizer of the project, Mr. Richard Tonkin, has indicated to Pederal Secretary that this comment only refers to the supervision of the command systems, and in fact the success of the entire project depends upon the support of a large number of tracking stations. Therefore Project Australis is anxious to entire project depends upon the support of a large number of tracking stations. Therefore Project Australia where.

Therefore you, as a member of W.I.A., do have an important part to play after its launch, but you did also play quite an important part in the development of this first Australian Satellite. This part was played through your national smatter

society, W.I.A., and the following extracts from official minutes may serve to emphasise this.

society, W.I.A., and the indicating extracts from omesia minutus may serve to emphasize this.

Institute policy on this satellite stems from motions of the 1866 Brishams Federal Contention, notably, Motion 2.8.

Satellite or similar experimental device apassaved by the Wireless Institute of Australia be investigated. Policy of Motion 2.8.

Satellite or similar experimental device apassaved by the Wireless Institute of Australia be investigated. Discussion on this motion included comment from VKZ delegate that it had been put with no prior knowledge of the activities of M.U.A.S., Mr. Torkita indicated that the co-operation of the "Obers" Project in U.S.A. had been contacted and that they had promised to provide launch facilities. He sales stated that work to date his dephasized their measure funds and that they were approaching the Institute for sufficient funds to purchase the components for the final flight package. At that stage he estimated that some \$400 would be required.

From that discussion beere was the following motion arising, motion 2.3.1: "That the Institute shall support the Mat-bourne University Astronautiest Seeley' Australia Fraejed' in the smaner following...", then followed eight points ruisting to joint control and to the contribution and expenditure of funds. At the conclusion of the debate on these motions, Mr. Tonkin thanked the Chairman and delegates for the support, which would enable certain completion of the project.

tonance one consumman and onergates for the support, which wouls enable certain completion of the project. It would seem then that the W.I.A. and the M.U.A.S. had independently made moves for an Australian Amateur Statistics and that at Bristance last year reached mutual agreement for this satellite to be a joint effort. All Divisions considerable to the statistic of the statistic of the statistic and the statistic of the stati Australian Amateur Satellite. John B. Battrick, Federal Secretary, W.L.A.

THE NEW HANDBOOK (Continued from Page 3)

Mc. In addition, there was an appar-

ent restriction on the number of times

ent restriction on the number of times during any year that such permission would be granted.

No limitations were imposed on licensees who wished to operate port-able on v.h.f. frequencies.

The exact position of mobile opera-tions in the old Handbook was ambiguous and needed clarification, though in respect of periods of continuous ab-

Frequency Bands	Type of Emission
All Bands	A1, A3, A3A, A3B, A3H, A3J, F1, F3 (±3 Kc.), and for RTTY—F1, F2 or A2.
All Bands above 52 Mc.	A0, A2, F2, F3, P0.
Ultra High and	A5, P1, P2D, P2E,

P3F

Table 1.

same position applied as in the case of portable operation on the h.f. bands. The effect of these provisions was to exclude limited licensees from ever having to seek the Department's permission to operate portable/mobile. In the new Handbook it will be found

that as far as both nortable and mobile operation are concerned licensees may operate on all frequencies for continuous periods of up to five days before permission from the Department is required from home for periods in excess of five

If portable or mobile operation away

days is required, licensees (both full and limited) must apply for permission. Note that daily mobile operation (for example going to and from work) a special case. Provided always that the licensee and his transmitter returns each evening to the address on the licence then daily mobile operation without prior Departmental approval is permitted on an indefinite basis, as permission is only required in respect of continuous absence exceeding five days.

The new Handbook paragraph states: "Paragraph 96-An Amateur station licence, as a general rule, authorises the operation of the station at a fixed location. Subject to the written approval of the Superintendent, Radio Branch, however, such stations may be oper-ated in a portable or mobile capacity for specified periods.

"Applications in writing must reach the Superintendent at least three days before such an operation and should indicate-

(a) The period for which the portable/mobile permit is required, and

(b) The area or locations in which it is intended to operate.

A request by telephone for such a permit will not be accepted other than as an intimation that a written application has been forwarded."

"Paragraph 91 - Notwithstanding anything contained in the two pre-ceding paragraphs, the licensee of an Amateur Station may operate his station in a portable or mobile capacity without obtaining the ap-proval of the Department for a maximum period of five consecutive days."

Note.-The two preceding paragraphs referred to above are numbers 89 and 90. Number 89 refers to transfer of address and inaccessability of equip-

ment.

-- Harold L. Hepburn, Federal Vice-President, W.I.A.

THE VK3 V.H.F. GROUP 6-METRE CONVERTER

BY THE CONVERTER COMMITTEE VK3 VHF. GROUP

RARLY this year (1967) the VK3 to investigate and prepare designs for a series of converters for the 52, 144 and 432 Mc, bands and where possible to arrange for the bulk purchase of selected components where this would benefit the members of the Group. At an early meeting of the committee the basic design objectives for the converters were formulated and it was decided to proceed initially with the design and production of the 52 Mc. converter. The basic design objectives were:

- (a) The design should be adaptable to a wide range of i.f. output frequencies.
- (b) The converters should be readily reproducible and simple to align-(c) The design should have good cross-modulation and inter-modulation characteristics (mainly on
- account of Channel 0 which can cause considerable trouble in some parts of Melbourne),
- (d) It should have a good perform ance together with a reasonably

It was felt that the use of Field Effect Transistors (FETs) was warranted to give the required cross-modulation give the characteristics and the 2N3819 junction N-channel FET (Texas Instruments) was selected on account of its low cost and adequate performance. For those of you who have not had much to do with FETs a few brief details may be in order at this stage.

A field effect transistor is very similar in its characteristics to a triode vacuum tube as it is a three-terminal device having a high input impedance and a moderate output impedance. When correctly biased the FET is sup-erior to both vacuum tubes and con-ventional transistors in their resistance to cross-modulation and as well as this their noise figure is quite comparable.

There are some disadvantages in the use of FETs and one of these is their relatively large spread of their char-acteristics. For example, the 2N3819 can have a zero bias drain current of between 2 and 20 mA., a cut-off bias

CONVERTER MODIFICATION

It has been found that the bandpass pair of tuned circuits, L2 and L3, in the original circuit considerably over-coupled, resulting in an excessively wide bandpass. To correct this situstion, capacitor C4 is deleted and a territe cup-core (Neosid Type T31/500) placed over L3. The bandwidth should now be about 1 Mc. which can be broadened if necessary by stagger tuning.

-1 58

C2-100 pF. C3, C8, C7, C8-15 pF. C4-4.7 pF.

(all disc ceramic):

		F. tpu	rt		tal req.		L4 irns	C14 pF.
14	to	16	Mc.	38	Me.	- ;	35	22
7	,,,	9	n	45	Mc.		60	15
4		6	10	48	Mc.		90	15

Table 1.

for 200 uA drain current from -0.5 to -7.5 volts, and a transconductance between 2,000 and 8,500 uMho. This means that to obtain optimum performance the operating bias must be individually adjusted for each device. A second problem is the fact that the feedback capacitance is relatively high (similar to a triode vacuum tube) and hence neutralising is often required, especially in the v.h.f. region.

The final design uses one FET as a common source r.f. amplifier with a second FET as a mixer employing gate injection from a crystal controlled oscillator. Between the r.f. and mixer stages is a coupled bandpass pair of tuned circuits to give a reasonable handwidth. The output is a pi-coupler arrangement to provide a match beto the main receiver, however provision has been made on the printed circuit board for a parallel tuned, link coupled output arrangement for those who prefer this method.

The crystal oscillator employs a conventional silicon transistor and a third overtone crystal, the frequency of which depends on the if output frequency required. For example, an i.f. of 4 to 6 Mc. would require a crystal of 48 Mc., although a crystal on 58 Mc. would give the same output but with reverse tuning.

The converter is constructed on an epoxy fibre-glass printed circuit board 4" x 2½", which allows adequate space for the components. A smaller size board could have been used but this would have made assembly more difficult and probably have required the use of special components. The coil

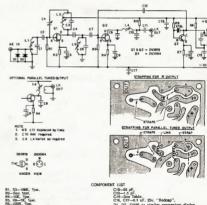
D1. D2-DA95 or similar parmanium diodes.

D holder.
Co-ax. Sockets—Belling Lee LEO4.

Crystal-Third overtone of required frequency, Style

Cn (neutralising trimmer)—Philips solder-in screw trimmer, 6 pF. ceramic.

Coil Formers—Neosid Style A (single), and Style B (double) assemblies.





CRYSTAL PRODUCTS



9 Mc SSR FILTER TYPE 9-0A Success!! The demand for the new PYE 9 Mc. SSB Filter

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The PYE 9 Mc. SSB Package Unit consists of one type 9-0A Filter, two crystals (style D) and their holders, and a typical schematic circuit diagram and application notes. The frequencies of the crystals are 9002.0 Kc, and 8998.0 Kc., which are the frequencies for the upper and lower sidebands.



SPECIFICATION 9-0A:
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40 db, Bandwidth 6 Kc. max.
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Insertion Loss 4.5 db, max.
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Output Termination, 1500 plus 120 pF.
Walte for further detalls



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Page 6

formers used are the Nessid type A (single assembly) and the type B (double assembly) with aluminium screening cans. The coll formers have a nominal diameter of 0.2" and the coll data given in Table 2 is given for these formers with F18 screw cores in L4 and F28 screw cores for all other colls.

PERFORMANCE

A minimal of the control of the control of the control of the control of the prototypes using a high-quality commercial noise generator and comparative checks with officer prototype converters using analysis of the control of the c

L1—12 turns 24 B. & S. close wound, tapped 3 turns from earth end; Neosid A assembly, single, F29

screw core.
L2—10 turns 24 B. & S. close wound, tapped 31 turns from Cn end.

L3.—8 turns 24 B. & S. close wound.
Both L1 and L2 using Neosid B
assembly, double, F29 screw
cores.
L4.—See Table 1, scramble wound

30 B. & S., winding length 0.3 inch; Neosid A assembly, F16 screw core.

L5-12 turns 24 B. & S. close wound; Neosld A assembly, F29 screw core,

Table 2.-Coil Details.

No attempt has been made to quote minimum signal levels that can be opposed to the control of the control of the control of the converter r.f. stage, the i.f. bandpass characteristics of the following receiver play a major part. On 6 metres the major factor is usually band noise (motor car ignition, power line noise and other associated "tubish").

In the Melbourne area considerable difficulty is often experienced with 6 metre converters using valves and conventional transistors by cross-modulation or inter-modulation caused by the sound carrier from Channel 0 (51.75 Mc). Even while listening to a signal factor of the control of the control of the towards the tv. station no sign of spurious responses has been detected in the prototype converters. No doubt if you ter then some from the control of the carrier of the control of the prototype (although the tuneable if, would probably "pack up" before the converter gave trouble), but most normal control of the control of the converter has a present the control of the converter has a present the control of the converter that the converter of the converter of the converter part of the converter of the converter of the converter has a present the converter of the converter of the converter of the transition of the converter of the converter of the converter of the transition of the converter of the converter of the converter of the transition of the converter of t

ALIGNMENT

The alignment of the completed converter is quite simple and the first step is to ensure that the crystal oscillator is functioning correctly. A voltmeter is connected across R8 and the screw each other and it will take some care to get top performance from the con-

With Cn set mid-way between the positions where the r.f. amplifier becomes unstable, the value of R2 can be progressively reduced, re-adjusting stable. The reduction in the value of R2 will cause the gain to increase and at the same time the setting of Cn will live that the progressive and the same time the setting of Cn will give that the same time the setting of Cn will the same time the setting of Cn will be same time the setting of Cn will be setting the same time the setting of Cn will be setting the same time the setting the same time the same time to the particular FET used, the value can vary between 100 chms and

It will be found that if all the tuned circuits are peaked at one point in the hand that the effective handwidth will



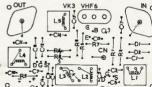
core in L5 is adjusted for a maximum current brough 23). A resistor of about 10K through 23). A resistor of about 10K is temporarily connected in place of R2 and the acrew cores in L1, L2, L3 and L4 adjusted for maximum response ship be found that the r.f. amplifier becomes unstable as the gain increases and Cn must be adjusted to restore and Cn must be adjusted to restore the cores unstable as the gain increases and Cn must be adjusted to restore L1.3 and Cn all interest slightly with

be about 1 Mc. (500 Kc. each side of the centre), however the bandwidth can be increased by stagger tuning the various stages but this will result in a drop in gain.

The other adjustment that may be

found necessary is to the level of oscillator injection to the mixer; too much will cause excessive mixer noise and too little will result in inadequate conversion gain. The object is to increase the local oscillator injection (Continued on Fass 18)





RTTY THE FASY WAY

DRIFTITIS CONTROLLED

JACK KENNER.* VK3PB

BOUT 18 months ago the writer became interested in that rather fascinating branch of Amateur Radio activity—RTTY. A printer was borrowed and a suitable terminal unit made to drive the printer from the station Galaxy transceiver. When making the T.U. a mark frequency of 1,000 c.p.s. was chosen and provision made for shifts of either 850 c.p.s. or 176 c.p.s. The choice of the 1.000 c.p.s. mark frequency was determined by having some excellent 50-cycle bandwidth filters available on this frequency.

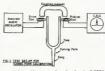
After a few minor problems the gear operated as required and a lot of really enjoyable DX and local QSOs made. For a while this sort of operation was carried on but soon it became apparent that, with the sharp filters employed in the T.U., drift was a major problem and the original minor inconvenience of returning every fifteen seconds or so had become a major chore. So major in fact that either something had to be done or else the RTTY gear was

going up for sale! The Galaxy was tackled first and after a lot of experimenting the drift in this piece of equipment was cured by stabilising the voltage to the filaments of the crystal oscillators and v.f.o. Let me hasten to add that the mains variations at my QTH are very wide and sudden changes in line volt-age from 240 down to under 190 are caused by the intermittent use of heavy machinery in a next door timber work-ing factory. This variation had some drastic effects on the filament voltages and was the major source of the drift encountered in the unmodified Galaxy.

With the local problem overcome, it was thought that no further trouble would be experienced when operating, but, regrettably, this was not so. There was little that could be done when the transmitter on the other end of the transmitter on the other end of the QSO drifted and it was still necessary to keep re-tuning the (now stable) receiver if good copy was required. Consideration was given to generating an a.f.c. voltage and applying it to the v.f.o. in the Galaxy, but since this meant some major modifications to the transceiver itself the idea was abandoned. However, the thought re-mained that if the variation in the 1,000 cycle mark signals from the Galaxy could be made to operate a reversible motor, then this motor could be used as an automatic tuning device.

Various possibilities were explored but in every case the need for some very sharp audio filters was paramount. very snarp audio filters was paramount. Finally, the possibility of using tuning forks came to mind. They are easily obtainable, cheap and have very high Q and very narrow bandwidth. They * 22 Clarence St., Elsternwick, Vin., 3185

are in fact high class audio mechanical filters. Their temperature co-efficients are good and even normal diurnal changes only alters their frequency by a cycle or so. A couple of tuning forks a cycle or so. A couple of tuning force (middle C 256 c.ps.) were obtained and one was ground down until it "sang" at about 1,000 c.ps. as determined by beating aurally against an accurate audio oscillator. The test set up of Fig. 1 was then breadboarded. Output from the audio oscillator was fed into an old earphone coil of about 500 ohms d.c. resistance.



This coil was placed about 0.020" away from one tine of the fork and a second coil placed the same distance from the other tine. A small horseshoo magnet was used to couple the two coils. As the audio oscillator was tuned to the frequency of the fork, the latter was excited into oscillation and a volt-age induced in the "pick up" coil. Coupling the pick-up coil to a c.r.o. and manually adjusting the audio oscillator gave the bandpass and the exact frequency of the fork. As anticipated, it was very good. Resonance was sharp and bandwidth was 3-4 cycles at low drive levels (about 1 volt r.m.s.), increasing as the drive was increased Here was the answer to the filter problem.

As a result of this experiment the final "AFC" unit of Fig. 2 was evolved. The trials and tribulations of its evolu-tion will not be described, but only the operation of the final unit.

- Basically it consists of four main sub-sections; (1) An audio amplifier to process the
- signal from the terminal unit.
 (2) The three "detector" forks and their associated transistor switch-
- es and relays (3) The drive motor assembly. (4) The power supply.

The 1,000 cycle mark note used as reference is taken from the mark filter of the T.U. This filter is only 50 cycles wide and thus no signal outside its passband can operate the a.f.c. unit. The level is adjusted by means of the 47K resistor in the primary of the input transformer

The input transformer is a standard transistor driver unit such as the A & R TD1 with the secondary centre tap not used. The signal is boosted in the audio amplifier, this amplifier being quite standard except for the output trans-former which "sees" a load of about 1,500 ohms. An A & R driver trans-former type IT631 50 ohms c.t. to 1,500 ohms would suit but something with a higher primary impedance would be preferable. The 0.05 uF, on the secondary is to improve wave form around the desired frequency.

The output signal from the amplifier is split two ways. One leg goes to Q4 which is acting as a switch in the drive motor supply line. In the absence of a signal Q4 is cut off and no current flows through the coil of Relay 3. The contacts R3 in the line to the drive motor open and the motor stops. The second output leg from the audio amplifier is applied in series to the drive coils of the three tuning forks (L1, L2 and L3). For the particular coils used in this unit, 4.5 volts r.m.s. was found to be the optimum drive level

If the signal is at the 1,000 c.p.s. resonant frequency of the centre tuning fork, a voltage is induced in its pick-up coil (L5) and this signal will cause Q6 -which is normally cut off-to conduct. CR1 rectifies the signal and the result-ant d.c. is applied to L7 and L9 in the two Carpenter polarised relays which are wired in series. Energising L7 and L9 cause the relay contacts R1 and R2 to connect both motor supply lines to the negative d.c. feed rail and the motor is thus inoperative.

Note that the positive voltage for the emitter of Q6 is derived from the motor emitter of Q8 is derived from the motor supply line and not from the 9 volt regulated supply. This is done to pre-vent L5/Q8/CRI from activating the relays when the incoming signal has been centred on 1,000 c.p.s. CR4/CR5, the two 100 uF. 12v. electrolytics, and



View of Tuning Motor Assembly,

Amateur Radio, November, 1967

Note the plastic bottle top "clutch".





Above General View of Helt

Left: View of two of the Transa Sock Silters" shoulder method of mounting and managers coupling

the two associated resistors are used to provide the correct positive voltage to the emitter of Q8 independent of the polarity of the motor supply.

Just so long then as the feed signal s 1,000 ±5 c.p.s. the motor is not acti-vated Since the motor is connected to the main tuning dial of the receiver the v.f.o. tuning remains unaltered.

As soon as it reaches 995 cycles L1 energises tuning fork F1, L4 picks up a signal which allows Q5 to conduct. a signal which allows QD to conduct, this signal is rectified by CR2 and L8 is activated. This causes R1 to take up its "positive" position while R2 up its "positive" stave "negative". The motor then drives the receiver tuning knob in the direction to counteract the drift, i.e. the mark signal is returned to 1,000 cycles and the motor stops

If the signal drifts high, as soon as reaches 1.005 c.p.s. then F3, L6, Q7 and CR3 come into play. L10 is activated and the supply voltages to the motor are reversed, i.e. R1 stays "negative" while R2 goes "positive". The motor drives, this time in the opposite direction, and once again the receiver is tuned to counteract the drift, cutting off when it reaches 1,000 cms

SW1 is included as a reversing switch for use on "opposite" sideband. The driver motor is a 24-volt polarised unit fitted with a high reduction gear train obtained from surplus radar. The direc-tion of rotation is a function of the polarity of the drive voltage. With the supply connected round one way the motor goes clockwise. When the supply is reversed the motor goes counter clockwise. In the unit described the motor is mounted on a heavy basenlete and is adjusted by means of and is adjusted by means of three the centre line of the drive shaft is concentric with the centre of the Golsxy tuning knob. No modifications are necessary to the receiver tuning arrangements since the "couple" 44. motor is a plastic bottle ton which fits loosely over the tuning knob. A simple rubber band doubled round tuning knob acts as the actual coupling element and the motor can be conrected to the receiver by pushing the baseboard into position. Very simple! Very effective! Very cheap! The photograph gives an idea of the mechanics of the drive unit. The power supply is straight forward and must be able to give 15 volts at about 200 mA. The supply for all the transistors (except O6) is regulated at 9 volts by the zener diode CRA

GENERAL

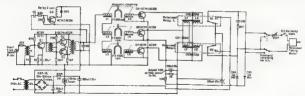
Whilst moderately complex, the unit Once has outstanding performance. luned to the required signal it stays tuned. The receiver can be "locked" on to the distant station and left unattended for long periods—all day if necessary-and imperfect copy due to drift is eliminated.

As far as the writer is aware this is the first time such an a.f.c. control for Amateur RTTY has been described. Afc. units must obviously be used by Post Offices and other official communications bodies all over the world but they are very complex devices using a lot of very accurate and very special-ised low frequency crystals. As such, they would be outside the reach of the average Amateur This unit is not As a result of four months of "on and many queries-have been forthcoming from others interested in RTTY. Eric VK3KF—the doyen of Australian RTTY'ers—has had many discussions with the author and is currently develoning a similar unit using the torodial filter/discriminator approach.

One constructional point that needs some explanation is the way in which the tuning forks are brought on frequency. These forks are normally obtained resonant on Middle C or 256 c.p.s. It is necessary to remove metal from the times until the fork is resonant at the required frequency (1085/ 1000/955 in the case described). Since Middle C forks come in a variety of shapes, some long and thin, others short and fat, it is not possible to specify in this article how much metal must be removed. However, the tuning proced-ure will be the same irrespective of the actual dimensions of the fork used.

The first step is to rough grind the fork ends, removing equal amounts of metal from each tine. After each grinding the note is compared aurally an audio oscillator/speaker combinstion set to the desired frequency. As the note gets closer to that required the note gets closer to that required a smooth file is used and only small changes made. Finally the test set-up of Fig. 1 is used to get the fork exactly

on frequency. Since the coil counling (Continued on Page 13)



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s^{iDEB}AND

Sub-Editor: PHIL WILLIAMS, VIGHIL, 37 Winns Rd., Coromand

V.H.F. S.S.B. DX

Already Dr. by the had on 50 Mc.
Already Dr. by Wk Drys are preparing
to avail themselves of the better DX
shilly of sideband. The new regulations which are due to be published in
'Amsteur Radio,' and which should be
'Amsteur Radio,' and which should be
Guidance of Amsteur Operators, should
make it possible for some very useful
s.ab. to be beamed morth and northeast for the DX season in January and
will be printed and distributed within
will be printed and distributed within
a few months of publishing these notes.

Apparently some of the stations on 50 Mc. to the north of us have some difficulty in receiving sideband. This is a shame and if somebody could publicate the fact that we are going to use reasonably high powered sideband transmission, the DX stations may be able to prepare their receivers. It may be worth a letter to Sam Harris who writes the V.hf. Notes in "QST".

SIDEBAND GATHERING-1968

The honorary scretary for the next Hamilton, Vic., Sidebanders Gathering for 1988, Dud VKZDQ, advises that this will be held during the Australia Day week-end at the one stended previously (1984 and 1986) have been sent notices and any others who have frequented the top of 80 mx with the "Sewing Clirice" and would like to core should for the control of the control

SIDEBAND ON AN OLD RECEIVER

I have been asked again to outline the most desirable modifications to be made to an old receiver of the 1840-50 vintage to make it work "properly" on sideband. On following up the meaning of the word "properly" in the questioners wants the old box transformed into a 75A4 or the equivalent, but even there is quite a lot which can be done to make the receiver a useful item.

of gear.

A brief run through the major points
may help anybody who has an old SX24,
"Super-Pro" or even an AR7.

Stability—Much has been written about this but the oscillator stability can always be improved by fitting a rayling of smilar tube for the Ind. oscillator section, in the way from the oscillator section, in the well verifiated section of the receition, in the well verifiated section of the receition of the received or replaced for the VR tube. More heat may be removed by great of EPP with about 150 volts on the

screen and about 20 mA. of plate current instead of 40 mA. or so. It usually needs 800 to 800 ohms of cathode resistance to achieve this, and a watt or so of audio is still available.

Another oscillator lube such as a 6x4, which has a low consumption heater, will often reduce heating and improve stability. The original octal socket hole may take a metal plate with the 7-pin miniature socket (ceramic or P.T.F.E.) sitting in the centre.

P.T.F.E.) sitting in the centre.
Additional cabinet ventilation in the top, sides and back can be had by letting in some pieces of perforated metal, or cutting long horizontal parallel alots with a nibbler. The latter can give quite a pleasing result.

Bandspread and Tuning Rain.—Those old receivers mide for cvv. trustly have resconable tuning rates on the bandspread knob. If such it not the bandspread knob. If such it not the that the rate is too rapid, and I can only suggest the addition of a small S. I planetary drive on the front of or add converters for these bands (crystal) and tune at a lower frequency problem and a sensitivity problem, too.

I consider that a tuning rate of about an eighth of an inch per kilocycle is about the place for tuning sideband—i.e. measured on the circumference of and mark these around the edge. It is belipful for estimating signal bandwidths, separation and for moving your own transmitter by "X" kilocycles to dodge some interference.

Intermediate Frequency Bandpass.— Most old crystal filters are not ideal for sideband, but the least selective "crystal" position is generally used. The "narrow" position is too restrictive and intelligibility suffers as a

If your receiver has no crystal filter, then I recommend you try two pairs of back-to-back iffs. One is not enough at 455 Kc. Couple between transformers with a 10K to 20K resistor, and add about 12 pF. of capacitance to each winding which does not have a valve plate or grid connected to it.

You may be able to add a two-crystal. All-lattice filer, using surplus channel 44 and 45 crystals of the FT241 type, and 45 crystals of the FT241 type, crystals are now old and those remaining have been well picked over. The addition of a mechanical filter (21 Kc. bandwidth) is recommended and the toget the very big improvement in rejection in unwanted signals. For their size, their performance is amazing. Just tune the input and output windings maker and cought in and out with small maker and cought in and out with small

condensers—usually less than 10 pF. No terminating resistors are needed.

B.f.s. and Product Detector—Although many will tell you a diode is okay for receiving sideband, and I do not deny if—the use of the existing diode usually prevents the use of a.g.c. for sideband reception. If the product detector does nothing else, it separates the b.f.o. signal from the detector, and allows the rectified received signal to be used for detiving a.g.c.

ne used nor deriving age.

The simplest product detector I know the simple as 6 ANY tube. An ordinary broadcast type oscillator on the such as a 6 ANY tube. An ordinary broadcast type oscillator coll suitable for the tube in question may be made to work at 458 Kc. by placing 1,200 pF adding about a 50 pF, variable for the b.f. tuning condenser. The tuning sing will put the b.f.o. on 455 Kc. and the variable will then tune about plus and writible will then tune about plus and

minus 3 &c.

The signal input to the product deThe signal be reduced in rhength by
putting 100 pF, from signal grid to
searth, and coupling from the last i.f.
transformer secondary via a 10 pF, or
small variable. With about 28T of
small variable. With about 28T of
the r.f. filter resistor or r.f. choke, or
course) it should be possible to switch
from diode to product detector on
an agonal, without to om unch change
an agonal, without to much change

To align the if. transformers, the method I have found most useful is to put the b.f.o. condenser in mid position, adjust the b.f.o. slug to put the store are considered as the b.f.o. slug to put the store zero-beast)—then go along and adjust each slug in the if.f. for lowest pitch of the noise peak coming from a for the store of the noise peak coming from a form of the store of

Azz. fer Sideband.—This will probably be the modification demanding more sweat and tears than the preceding because it will require changes to the agc. time constant resistors and deary. The agc. decoupling condensers on the grids (or tuned circuits) of the controlled stages should be small (say 601 uF), and the agc. voltage carried from a out the agc. voltage carried from a out the sign.

diode
If you can find room on the chassis
for a 12AU7 and a 3:1 audio transformer, then I recommend strongly
that you use the audio-derived "hang"
agc. circuit now given in all issue
of the AR.R.L. Handbook. It was described in "AR." last year.

If you use this audio derived a.g.c. you will need an S meter to tell you how strong signals are, because you will not be able to tell by listening. A strength 3 signal sounds like a 10 over

one on a quiet band.

The standard S meter connected from the cathode of a controlled i.f. stage to the cathode of the a.f. stage, with zero and sensitivity control resistors, is

usually satisfactory. (Continued on Page 13)

SIX AND TWO CROSS-BAND DUPLEX MOBILE

ROY HARTKOPF. VK3ZOM

HAVR you ever sat in the middle of an intersection waiting for the other station to finish the over so that you can ask which way to turn? The station of the station of the station of the secretary is a station of the station of th

The writer had air metre mobile in his car for some years but was missing out on all the two metre contacts. So he decided to build some mobile use for mobile, it was necessary to be able to change from six to two at the flick of a switch. At the same time, the

The two separate aerials are not really a problem. The six meter sig uses the normal car radio serial mounted on the bonnet and the two metre serial is a 19° length of wire held in a terminal which is mounted on the rear centre part of the roof. When the rig is switched off the six metre serial is connected directly through to the car radio for normal broadcast reception.

From the block diagram (Fig. 1) it will be seen that there are three basic units; first the transmitters, converters and switching, then the models are and switching them the models are the seen of the seen of

To allow for continuous operation while mobile and for several house while mobile and for several house was used. The transmitters ore almost identical physicality, each being on a 12BY7 and QQBOS/12 as the tinal. It is aboped to describe these together also the power supply and modulator. However, the idea behind this article is to help suryone when Is intrested to and two metre gear.

Many Amateurs seem terrified of anything with complicated switching, but the switch layout diagram [Fig. 2], together with the block diagram in Fig. 1 should help to convince them that the switching needed is not so difficult after all. In the rig the switch wafer comprising SWI A and B was nearest the panel so as to be close to the relays and aerial lead. All the r.f. leads were screened and earthed at one point. It was found that apart from one or two "apole" there was surprisingly little cross-band either way, when working cross-band either way.

Both transmitters use crystals neglining at frequencies well above the 6 to 10 Me. tumable converier. The common 12AT7 oscillator for the wh.f. converience as 6 to 52 Me. and the crystal frequency is tripled in the other half of the 12AT7, giving 138 Me. This again gives an 11. of 6 Me. at the bottom of the two meter band. Normally position round about 1 Me. and the

tuning is done by the tunable converter.

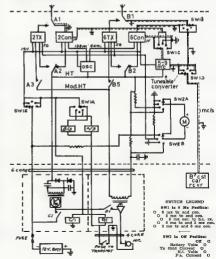
If you are prepared to settle for 1 Mc.

coverage you can have a fixed second converter and use the car radio for tuning.

For those who find the switching circuitry of Fig. 1 confusing, here is a brief description of the operation of the function switch SWI.

The off position, which has already been mentioned, routes the six metre car radio serial through SW1B and SW1D direct to the car receiver and everything else is switched off.

In the six metre position, the one in which the switch area are drawn, Swile puts the live battery on to all the heaters, to 6/1 which operates starting up the h.t. supply, to D/1 and through SWIA to relays B/3 the six metre transmit-receive relay. Meantime, the SWIB connects the six metre relay contacts B1 to the six metre converted input and SWIC connects the output



* 24 Toolangi Road, Alphington, N.36, Vic.

to the tunable converter. Finally, SWID connects the tunable converter output to the car radio receiver

When the "push to transmit" switch on the microphone is operated the modulator relay D/1 and the transmit-receive relay B/3 are operated. Con-tact D1 switches on the modulator. Contact B3 supplies modulation to the six metre transmitter; contact B2 surpplies h.t and contact B1 connects it to

the six metre aerial The next position of function switch SW1 does exactly the same for the two metre transmitter and converter. this case the "oush to transmit" switch operates relay A/3 instead of relay B/3. Since the two metre converter is permanently connected to change over contacts Al there is no two metre equivalent required for SWIB. The two most clockwise positions of

function switch SW1 are used for cross-band working. The extreme clockwise position—listen on six and transmit on two is almost the same as the extreme

connects A/3, the two metre relay, in-stead of B/3, the six metre one. This means that when the "push to trans-mit" switch is operated the two metre transmitter is put on the air; and since relay B/3 is not operated, the six metre converter remains in action and so we have cross-hand duplex transmitting on two and listening on six simultanenusiv.

In the last but one clockwise position the two metre receiver remains in action all the time while the "push to transmit" switch operates the six metre transmitter. The meter switch SW2 (must be non

bridging or break before make type) switch and will meter whichever transmitter is in operation at the time. The circuitry here is quite standard and the series and shunt meter resistors are of course chosen as required.

After several months of duplex crossband working, the writer is completely sold on it and never uses the "mobile monologue" section if he can possibly

anti-clockwise, normal six metre posi-tion. The only difference is that SWIA avoid it. -VE To heaters etc Tuneable converter

swidetailed wring switch shown in 2M-TX 6M-RX posn.

SIDEBAND (Continued from Page 11)

Receiver Re-Sale Value.—Old re-ceivers of the type mentioned brought higher prices unmodified some 5 or 10 years ago, but their value is now less than a 1936 Pontiac—so don't be afraid to modify your old faithful "hearing aid". There may be some years of life in it, yet.

Finally, Muting. Don't forget that you have to silence your receiver while you are transmitting, but let it come back to life quickly when you return to "receive". It is possible to do this in so many ways that I shall simply state the requirements and let it go at that. You could feed about 40 volts of your transmitter blas to the receiver a.g.c. line through a diode, i.e. just enough to mute it.

For netting, however, you must re-store the receiver gain while the trans-mitter is on, but with the transmitter audio to the modulator shorted out, so that only "carrier" at low level leaks through to the receiver. The audio a.g.c. will hold its level.

Yes, the sideband part is easy, it's all this switching stuff that gets so complicated.

73 for now, Phil VK5NN,



A. C. (CHAS.) HAWKER, VR1B



Pictured is the rig in use by Chas. Hawket who operated station VRIB from Tarawa in the Gilbert Islands during the period 1985. It was shought that due to the large number of enjoyable contacts had with VK a description of the equipments used might be

description of the equipment used migas a of interest. The receiver should be immediately reconsider as a vintage SX28, although consider ably modified for improved c.w. and a.i. operation (article "A.A." March 1989. To 1810. To

wroncy traveled! Is home-brawed affort built strong the restrict the strong the restrict the strong the transmitter.

The minimizer of the property of the property

An Austral an-made Crammond transceive An Austral an-made Crammond transceive Annual Company of the Company of the securations, including the Phoenix and Life lainants trip in mid 1864. Sh.b. gear was lossed by KDBEPN during the s.h. phase of the transceive of the Company of the power of the Company of the power of the Company of the the home QTM at Dimboola. Viz., where be now handles a newsaganty business.

RTTY THE EASY WAY

magnet affects the resonant frequency of the fork, it is essential that final trimming is done with the fork mounted and driven as it will be when in operation.

This article has not attempted to give exact mechanical details. Rather it has been its purpose to present a practicable solution to a very real Amateur RTTY problem. The diagrams and photographs will assist those who would to make something similar. In VK3 at any rate the polarised relays are in reasonable supply from disposals sources and the writer has a few suit-able fork coils available for those really interested

As a closing thought, there seems no reason why the c.w. fanatic could not adapt the system to his favourite mode.



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IMPROVEMENTS TO SWAN 240 TRANSCEIVER

JOHN D. WARD," VK5WD (EX G3HDW)

SOON after acquiring one of these transceivers the writer realised that, although basically of good design, some improvements could be made which would improve the performance of the equipment

The modifications described in this article concern changes to overcome the following deficiencies —

- Noise produced by the 12BE6 mixer velve, resulting in a somewhat poor overall signal-to-noise ratio.
- The relatively short life of the 6DQ5 p.a. valve experienced by some users of this equipment
- The lack of correct tracking of the exciter tuned circuits over the full range of any band. This results in a variable amount of drive to the grid of the pa. valve, depending on the frequency set by the vf.o.
- 4. Hum emitted from the speaker when a combined speaker/power supply is used (depending on the power supply cable loom used to connect the power supply to the transceiver, this may not occur with all installations).

Other modifications, such as low band coverage on 80 metres down to 3.5 Mc, grid block keying and the provision of an S meter will not be mentioned in this article since they have been referred to in Swan service bulletins and other publications.

IMPROVING SIGNAL-TO-NOISE RATIO

To improve the signal-to-noise ratioeither the mitter, which generates most of the noise, must be modified or eise the r.f. amplifer must have sufficient goin to amplify an incoming signal to a level whereby it can override the mixer noise. An investigation into the circuit midicated that since a multigrid valve was used for the mixer, it would be easier to modify the r.f. stage.

In the original circuit the screen grid of the 6BAR 7t. amplifier is feed by a dropping resistor which is common to a similar selectrode in the misrer. This amplifier with the result that this stage is biased back (considerably when a signal as tuned in and the a.g. time when a signal as tuned in and the a.g. time voltage improve the effective grid base of the 6BAG, and thus obtain a more gradual and progressive reduction of gain on moderate and weak sugnals, the screen when the stage of the control of the stage of the weak sugnals, the screen when the stage of the stage

To make this modification proceed as follows: Disconnect the lead connecting pin 8 of the 12EEO ntheer to pin 6 of the 6BA6: A map. Remove the existing 22K often liw: resistor connected to pin 6 of the mixer and substitute with a 3KK often 10% following ce w. type. Decoughe pin 6 of the mixer pround: 10% colorance lw. type. Decoughe pin 6 of the mixer to ground: 19 Compar 31, Fairclew Park, 8 A, 3 find.

with a 0.01 uF. 500v. disc ceramic capacitic. Connect a 47K oth m 10% tol. 1 w. resistor between pin 8 of the xL 100 m 10% tol. 25K ohm resistor which has previously been installed (the h.l. feed point is at a fig tirpl). Remove the existing 47 at a fig tirpl). Remove the existing 47 pin 7, of the r.f. amp, and substitute with a 66 other 10% tol. 4 v. type. This concerns the handle field to the fig. 1.



Note: Only values of now components shows.

CHANGING THE P.A. VALVE The original 6DQ5 valve is not ver

tolerant of being subjected to high operating temperatures, extended periods of tuning-up or the rough treatment that often occurs with mobile

A very much better valve, although it is more expensive, is a type \$238 which is a plug-in replacement for the 50Q5. To fit this valve, a slight mechanical modification must be made to the base inside the pa. compartment and base inside the pa. compartment and the same part of the part of the

Some Amateurs may experience difficulty in obtaining 8236 valves, but it is understood that Mullard-Australia has stocks available via their distributors.

EXCITER TUNED CIRCUITS To improve the tracking of the ex-

citer tuned circuits, the values of the fixed capacitors when across colls Ls-75, L3-40 and L3-20 should be reduced in value. These components are situated on the top of the chastis in front of the screened p.a. compartment. The following changes should be made:

47 pF. 10%, 500v., N.P.O. disc ceramic across L3-75. 150 pF. 10%, 500v., N.P.O. disc

150 pF. 10%, 500v, N.P.O. disc ceramic across L3-40.
 27 pF. 10%, 500v, N.P.O. disc ceramic across L3-20.

If disc ceramic capacitors are not available, 500v. good quality mica types will do just as well. When this work has been completed re-align the exciter tuned circuits according to the instruction manual. This operation entails the connection of a dummy load to the antenna socket, inserting a little carrier and adjusting the slugs in the coils for maximum output. The adjustment should be made at approximately the centre frequency of each range.

HUM

Some models of this transceiver suffer from an objectionable level of hum in the speaker. It took the writer some considerable time to locate the cause of this, especially since the hum level did not alter in intensity when the ht. reason for this is that in the original Swan PU. Circuit there are two ground return paths from the chassis of the PU. to the main transceiver chassis.

The first ground return path is via the direct connection between the P.U. and transactiver (pin is on the connecsaction of the connection of the connection of second return is not so obvious. It is formed by the path through the speak voice coil (one side is grounded) being voice coil (one side is grounded) being to the low resultances secondary winding to the low resultances secondary winding of the outboat transformer back to the other connection of the connection of the amps of bester current flow through the wiring linking the ground return between the two units, some acc current is linear to flow through the speaker

common solution to this problem is to remove the ground connection from the speaker coll in the F.U. and return it to ground at the transferive chassis, the ground at the transferive chassis, connectors at each end of the connecting cable loom. This will mean the existing connectors. Alternatively, foring the speaker connections out directly at the transferive chassis of the negative coll to the P.U. chassis, of the speaker cell to the P.U. chassis.

PERFORMANCE

With the improvements described, the overall performance of the transcelver is considerably improved. Not all users may wish to carry out all of the modifications described, but the simple changes to the r.f. amplifier anyone who destres an improvement of the signal-to-noise ratio for very little effort spent in altering a few components.

Many Amateurs who are using modern commercially made equipment appear to be reluctant to even take the cover off a transcriver let alone contemplate modifying the circuitry. However, these people should realise that most commercial equipment is built to a price level and a compromise design a price level and a compromise design "nothing ventured, many gained" is "rothing ventured, many gained" is certainly true in his case.

6-METRE CONVERTER

(Continued from Page 7)

until the instantaneous sum of the escillator and signal voltages, with a strong signal, is almost to the point of draving the mixer gate to zero bias. This, average Amateur has not got access to the necessary test equipment so the easiest way is to increase injection (by peaking the screw core in L5 or by varying C12) until just prior to the noint where the mixer noise rises sharply. The injection may have to be reduced still further if cross-modulation is experienced on strong signals. (Another possible source which should be checked if cross-modulation is a problem is instability in the r.f. stage.)

The converter can be easily adapted to cover a wide range of input fre-quencies covering the h.f. and the lower portion of the v.h.f. bands by simply altering the coils and using a crystal of the appropriate frequency. The h.f. converter in "A.R." September 1967 is an adaption from this circuit. The upper limit of this design is probably in the 70 to 80 Mc. region, due mainly to the availability of crystals at reasonable cost and also by the drop in gain of the single r.f. stage. Above this frequency a second i.f. stage or possibly a cascode arrangement would be desirable to obtain adequate gain. The range of i.f. output frequencies given in the table were selected as it was felt that the majority of Amateurs use output frequencies in this range (the adjustment of the screw core covers a reasonably wide frequency range to cater for i.f's around the values given). If other if's are required then it is a simple matter to alter the number of turns on TA as required

A number of kit sets consisting of the printed circuit board (silk screen printed on the reverse side), transistors, coil former assemblies, neutralising capacitor and construction information have members and to some Interstate Amateurs at a price of \$5.50 each plus 500

It is anticipated that a further limited number of these kit sets and/or component parts will be made available from the Converter Committee, VK3 V.h.f. Group, P.O. Box 36, East Mel-

bourne, 3882 Work is in hand to develop designs for both the 144 and 482 Mc. bands and it is anticipated that this work will be completed shortly.

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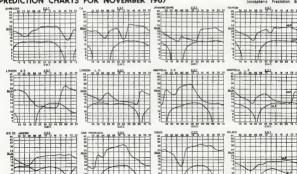
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The FET is quite a separate device from the bi-poler or ordinary transistor.

It is reasonable, therefore, to expect a distinct new set of characteristics.



I think it is important not to confus FETs with ordinary transistors, and it is unfortunate that "Transistor" is used as part of their title. Broadly, they have the following characteristics:-

High to almost infinite input impedance, which in most cases is very much higher than valves.

Capable of very low noise figures from d.c. to v.h.f. frequencies, and often this range is covered by the one device.

Low susceptibility to cross-module-tion and inter-modulation due to strong unwanted signals in the passband of r.f. and mixer stages. Here again, some later types are superior to valves and far superior to transistors.

Apparently no limit to their power handling or maximum frequency, apart from inferior fabrication techniques at present in use. No "off-set" voltage requirement.

Available in forward or reverse bias types and in P or N channel types with insulated or junction getes. This provides more versatility than any other device.

Can be positive, negative or zero temperature co-efficient, according to bias conditions and therefore very useful in d.c. amplifiers.
Require only one diffusion during
fabrication as against transistors

which may require as many as four. Operate at medium voltages and are compatible with transistors in many new circuit designs,

Have the prospect of being very cheap due to the simpler manufacturing methods.

Have increased the component density capability of integrated circuits. Very much more resistant to radia-tion than transistors.

* Reprinted from "The South Australian Wire-less Institute Journal," May 1967.

However, to off-set this fine list of characteristics are a few disadvantages:

FETs still exhibit a fairly high re-This resistance may be several hundred ohms, which is many times larger than a transistor of similar dimensions.

Another disadvantage is gate break-down. This is where stated charges on the gate of the insulated gate type FETs cause catastrophic failure. It should be noted that this is only a danger in the insulated is only a danger in the insulated gate FET, MOS-FET or IGFET. The cheaper and more common junction FETs can be handled with the same respect as other semiconductors.



Some earlier FETs have had other disabilities which have been overcome in later ones by the large multitude of researchers who have taken such a keen and sudden interest in them. It is hoped that their remaining disadvantages may be likewise overcome.

In my limited and short experience in my immited and short experience with FETs, I have found they do all they claim in the tests I have given them. However, here are a few addi-tional features that I have observed:

I have found that the audio FET 2N4360, apart from its expected low noise, seems fairly immune to induced house, seems many minuse to mouse the key-clicks and electrical household appliance interference which usually plagues record-players, tape recorders and the like where bootstrapped translation. sistor front-ends are used. A similar immunity to r.f. interference from the Adelaide Airport radar has been noted. This is unprecedented in any high-gain audio equipment ever used at my location in the footbills.

I am currently using the germanium P channel junction FET (TIXMI2) both as rf. stage (see Fig. 1) and mixer (see Fig. 2b) on 145 Mc. As a mixer, the TIXMI2 has a lower conversion gain than the 2N5583 transtransistor used previously although the gain is probably comparable with a triods value nature. triode valve mixer. The TIXM12 r.f.



of in home high stability.

stage (see Fig. 1) is in grounded source and, as expected with 3 pF, feedback capacity, had to be neutralised for stability and maximum gain. This r.f. stage should provide a gain of about 15 to 20 db. and seems to do this. I also tried a grounded-gate configuration (see Fig. 2A) which did not give the same gain but did not require neutralisation

either. However, the real advantage of low susceptibility to t.v. interference was fully realised even at Mt. Lofty where the FETs proved better than my valve front-end in a check at the Mt. Lotty summit (R.F. Hill).



I have also had the TIXM12 per-forming as an oscillator (see Fig. 3). It seems this FET was only as good as other transistor oscillators I have had working, which is still quite ex-cellent. The only bonus here may be in a gd.o. ("gate" dip oscillator) which I have had going in prototype form.

This short discussion will, I hope, introduce a few, at least, to the FET. I have avoided the theory of operation of these devices since there is quite a deal being printed in most of the periodicals these days. Instead, I hope this may serve as a bit of an appetiser and encourage further reading. -Rick VK5ZFQ



VICTORIA'S FIRST WIN

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AUST, CAPITAL TERRITORY (Award Winners in Bold Type) Photo- VKIAN 160 pts. VKIQL 848 # 1154 137 127 988 # 1158 137 127 988 # 1158 137 127	200	
1200	VELEZ NE POL VELADB 461 NE	SECK 38 SZMW 48 SZMZ 58 SZMZ 5
NEW SOUTH WALES (Award Winners in Bold Type) Phono- VKIAL 83 pts. VKIAGF 900 pts.	Open— VENDO - Gao pla. VENTO - Sub pla. SEC - 148 - 1578 - 187 - 1	SNI - 134 - 255 - 52 CR - 30 - 134 - 135 CR - 30 - 135 CR - 30
1CT 1110 2ALC 257 68 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120	204 266 206 pts. 205 276 276 276 276 276 276 276 276 276 276	C.W.— VELAU 138 pin VISLLD 146 pin 130 n Str 500 n 150 n Str 50
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TYN 088 0 ZZPC 389 1 2AAT 49 2ZSG 17 2 2ACD 263 2ZSG 17 2 2ACD 305 2ZSG 5 35 2 2ADC 305 2ZSG 6 4 2 2ADC 305 2ZSG 6 4 2 2ADC 307 32 31 2ZWM 6 4 2 2ADC 308 1 2ZWM 5 4 2 2ADC 308 1 2ZWM 5 4 2 2ADC 308 1 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32	HIR - 1266 - CXY - 281 - CXY - 151 - CXY -	AMATEUR FREQUENCIES: ONLY THE STRONG GO ON— SO SHOULD A LOT MORE

Page 1

AMATEURS



DURALUMIN. ALUMINIUM ALLOY TÜBING

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lonos, the DXers God of Communication, seems to be in benevolent mood. Never for years has 14 and 13 Mc. been so good. Even 18 Mc is beginning to become expansive. The next twelve months or so maight see this peak out, so make time and be in it while it is offering.

NOTES AND NEWS

South Orkney In: VPSJD 14656 1800s. Also reported on 141F a m. Falkiand In: VPSJC 11233 1830s. Also on 3715 2130s. South Georgia VPSIC 14120 1830s. QSL to Pakistan Several AP prefixes now s W Pakistan Saveral AP presses now seem to be appearing Some are: APSEQ 14001 18002 AP2MR 14145 15002 AP2AD 14105 18002. QSLs for the latter go via P.O.B. 94. Lyallpur.

Croxet Ia. FB8WW 14046 1900s. Also 14346 a.b. 1200s. QSL KSAWB. Giorieuses Is. FR7ZC/G 14135 1500z and later Guernsey GCSHT 14133 1400z. Uses other bands and frequencies. Danus ann frequencies
Outer Herodes OMNIHZ/P 21858 1218c. Also
7508 2100c.
Bonaine: Commancing Dec. NSGZN hopes
for the month.
Thindade: PYOXX 14110 1000c. PYGAMP
1411 21042. PYGCZR 1448 5000c.
TURKEY: TAISK 14011 1700c. TARCK 14606
2500c TAIFN 14608 2500c. TARK 14618 1800c. Ceylon. 487PB 14170 1800s. QSL RSCAZ. STATE OF THE STATE cott Base Remember Inn ZLIABZ. He will ZLIAAA for a year commencing now. (ZL-

K) calapagos: HC83G is said to be active on to acound 6400x audi Arabis. 723AB 14183 listening 14816. L W4HEG QSL W4HEG
Wrangel B. DX-pedition is planned for this
one around Xinus 97 Operators will be USSUN, UW3CS, UA3F7. The call sign will have
the prefix 4L0 or 437. Aldebra VQSJW/A is reported QRT with p.s. trouble Should be on 14 s.s.b. again by the time you receive this. Tromelin' FRTZL/T will commence from here around Sent. 17 for a prolonged period

operation FR7ZD 14185 and lietens 14808 Rivinjon' PRIZD 1018 and letters 14008 around 6300c.

Son Marino MIB 16280 0500c. QSL WEREN CAMBON 18280 182

daily Grennda VPE 201. St. George VPIGAR 21340 2000r. QSL P.O.B.

20), St. George
Sao Thome Ch5CA 21093 3300s
Volta Rumour has it that all operations have
been suspended from here
Hong Kong VSSFX 21030 1008s, and VSSCO
1807 1800: VSSFX 28000 6800s, and
St. Marten P12NH 18122 Harten 18203. QSL
VSTEEKU

Cyprus ZC4MO active daily 21300, 2000-2200x. OSL WBIZMK.

Honduras: HR6VH active daily 21 s.s.b. QEL to WASIQP. Spanish Guines EASQQ Watch 14086, 103 and 110. QSI, via W4DQS. Luxembourg DJEIB/LX, 14015, 218, 21815 between 1908-2200r. DJE 2200r. QSLs via DJEIW.

Finland: To commemorate Finland's year of Independence, prefixes of OF w used during October to December will be Bulgaria LZ9CRC 14805 1480. Rarer for WPX. WPX.
Gibraitar: ZHEED 21348 a.a.b. 1638. QSL to
GJTTG home QTM. ZHERE QSLs to ELOTA
home QTM.
Kuwait: SKLAM 21346 1260, SKESY 14130 1830s. Thatland: HSIBC 14105 1830. QSL P.O.B. Facroes OYTMI. 28 Mc. Both modes. Several other OY stations active on other bands.

Laos XWEAX 14110, 1200z. QEL WENTE. Willis Is. John VK4HG having a few minor troubles. On the last air drop his 10 and 15 mx gear went into the drink beyond the rest 80 look for John now only on 26 3.8.b. 6605

DATE NAME

LATE INNEE

Addelver in a QSO with John VQANW on 7606 at 1900. he passed the following Into Advisor on Standard IA to 28 Mee. 100 and 85 miles and 100 miles 100 miles

ACTIVITIES ACTIVITIES

Bert VKESB seems to have been busy of both 20 and 15 ma. He reports making W.A.E colors of the color of the co NAMECE TOTAL SE. (Nice work OM.—AL).

DOM VEGSUT new mostly on 1 & 1 & b. and reported the based on good. He handed base with the second of th CUITU IND. VIVAR 10160 CORFA/COM 18100. 4UITU 14180 VPIRC 14180, UQUERG 18100. UWIKAT 14122 SY4DS 14110. SSIRI 14170 and many more. Space does not permit. (A big bag, OM. Keep it up.)

DOB. Neep II UD.)
Peter VKAP) also reports a big improvement
on 20 mix and 15 and bin mix to a lesser degree
The following are just a few of the nice one
QSOcd. 14 s.m.h. 1862PO, 3865SB, YOSLAM
ILCK. HKNYO, UQILL. SPRANK, CTIEM,
VURSY ISHRUA. HERRE ALTEK, SMIZHLY,
UDGKUF PKIPA, APRIK KPHELL KPHES. DORROF PXIPA APREE ROPHE, ENGLA OFFICE PARTY OF THE TRANSPORT OF THE PARTY OF THE P Dave VRSQV, who writes from Manilla, P.1., sends this list worked on 10 mx before he left for oversies on business. GSJOC KRSGTV, KRGQW, KRSTAB, KWSEO, CHETT, CHENY, VETBOB, VSSPS, VSSPS, VSALB, ZSSATK, plus all W areas. Dave reports the band comjug to life day by day.

ing to life day by day.

Chair VEGICO 2 and MARS were records be a Chair VEGICO 2 and MARS with the control of the chair vegical and the chair vegical ana

mono-bander VQBCG 0725. VS6FZ 0836, UA-FTU 0007. SMSWJ 0005. HBRZC 0835. DLICE 0806. SMTSRK 0850. QMSVK 0807. GLES 0813. UFBACR 0833. UVJAAE 1005. UW3GU 1012. PABFW 1008. XELCEV 0008 923DT 0826. ZESHID 0846. ZS8FI 0708. UESGA 0840. NG-SERCE 1050. JAVVN 1020. WW and Ca. (Welcomor SERIO 1905, 13/3VW 1020, Ws and Gs. (Welcome to the column, Al, some more please, deadline is end of each month.) is end of each month.)

Barry VNSBS QRP 14 Mc, lists these
VPSYF, VEDOG, UVSBC/M Antarctica, DJRID/
LX, XELL, 180x 701, Vers Cruzh All on
14 c.w Barry reports QRP membership coming
all slowly. Write Oceania Co-ordinator,
15 Cornish St., Glenelly North, if you wish

to join

Ken VKiTL worked on 30 mx: CESAA 1808,
CESPC BSS 'Essier Is., CRYFM 1315, EAGCG

CW 0540, VPGCAI 0585, VKKHG JISO (WIllis
Is., VGCCBS 1255, VGECCR 1500, YJESW 1100,
SLEKC Cw VGS, TXCWW Cw 0503, All times

GMT Best QSLs received: ETTAC, CMEWS,
ILAUM/ANJ, ISKCD, FYGERKX, ZD/TDL. SOME QUE

SOME QTES
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AWARDS

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Lais America PX Award: Working 78 difserved professes CC. Lack e.g. which America

RP SR LU CA. O. T. T. T. W. Y. Y.

Y. ZP from Jan. 1 1800. Single band or

YV. ZP from Jan. 1 1800. Single band or

LONGOL LUGAR 179, Lanux, P. D. J. Joress.

LUROM, LUGAR 179, Lanux, P. D. J. Joress.

Lina. Asio svalighte to S. Y. 12 (SP curiesy of Geoff Watt. DX News-Sheet.)

SUMMARY

VKSM3 VKSVN

SUBMANARY AND SUBMINION OF SOMETHINGS OF SOMETHING AND SOM DX News exchanged with Overseas Bulletins: LIDXA, FLA DXer, "Air Weves" and with Ed's ZLAST2, Red McNicoll VESTXR, Geoff Watts. My thanks as always to the column's supporter. 73, Ai, VK485/A R.J.5.

W.I.A. D.X.C.C.

Listed below are the highest twelve members in each section. Position in the list is determined by the first number to the first number to the section of the list is determined by the first number represent the second number shown represents the total D.X.C.c. eredits given, including deleted countries. Where totals are the same, listings will be alphabetical by Credits for new members and those whose totals have been amended are also shown. PEONE VK5MS 317/338 VK3AHO 314/236 VK6RU 304/227 VK6MK 303/230 VK5AB 300/214 VK4HR VEGFJ VESTL 279/298 283/366 VE4TY 251/831 VE1AAK 246/250 VK1APK 234/237 VK2QL 286/815 VK2ADE 291/313 VK3CX 291/313 VK4FJ 291/313 VK3NC 288/288 VK3ARX 283/271 VK3RR 263/283 VK6RU 263/283 VKITL VE2AGH 311/389 VE6RU 308/331 VE2ADE 305/339 VE6ME 305/339 VE4RE 305/334 VESED VE4TY VE3ARX

SW

P.O. Son 222, Proceeds, N.S.W., 2700

Very, few of its beacher to littles on 1.3 Me. as artistry in more or less non-actitated, however, and the process of the state of the s

power face. Square from the recommendation of the power face of th

We, We, We, the Central and Booth America. Whatever is insperming on the hand, the first high and the second of the control of operation.

Many Hams have kept late hours on the band, or have crawled out of warm beds at 1000s on a winter morning to see how far their 10 watts would get, maybe from an aerial held up a couple of hundred face by a gas filled balloon, but very few would consider the effort waste.

TAPE CORRESPONDENCE

Due to the nature of magnetic tapes and spools much care must be exercised when mailing them, particularly to overseas addresses.

filter tops recorders have been available at more, researches prices, many neteractions of the control of the c

OR MATER

ABOUND THE SHACES

is Roberto W. Barget, Son St. Guatamonia, C.A.
AGOINDS THE REBLEXES

AND COMPANY RESERVED.

TO SERVED.

VICE DIVISIONAL NEWS

The DIVISIONAL NEWS In the form The only officed over I have in the form The only officed over I have in the form of the Grown Schling me that in other of the Grown Schling me that in other of the services a right officer state on the control of the Schling over the services and the services as right of the control of the services as a schling over the services of the services of

The VEI S.w.l. Group reminds everyone of their meetings and any persons interested in radio, meetally members of the Youth Eadio

Scheme, see most evolutions. You are reminded that there is a constructional night on the account Friday of such morth as well at the requisar meeting on the last Friday of each instance of the second of the second of the issued six times a year, and is attempting to cance for all tastes in Short Www. Littening, can be oblained by contacting the Millor can be oblained by contacting the Millor Can Beat Rev. M. Casiled South, Vis. Tase Seat. Rev. M. Casiled South, Vis. the S. W. Section of the Reas Rull, and hope we can have a good roll-up. N. Don Light.

Publications Committee Reports

No report has been published for the last two control due to the last that meetings have been published by the last two control due to the last that meetings have been published by which time, "ALL" has been on the present conductable of the last control to the last Discussion for the night centred round the Discussion for the night centred round to the state of the state o

efforts this year to matchink minimum an-page. The 1847-88 uses of the Call Rook was defined to the control of the control of

Correspondence ay opinion expressed under this heeding is the solvidual opinion of the writer and does not ecessarily coincide with thet of the Publishers.

EBSAN QSLe Editor "A.R.," Deer Sir.

Bellow "A.R." Deer Str.

I have been such by Make Matthews, GATTY

(I have been such by Make Matthews, GATTY

(Gheriales existly few years), in sude 1647

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(Gheriales existly few years), in sude 1647

(Gheriales existly), in believe the new YAC

sude of the sude

GHASTLY?

It has been said that to risy on c.w. is ghastly! Perhaps it was a joke, but it is the most useful method of communication between people who do not speak one another's language low well. Also, in those of (Diana Green, ZSSGH, writing in "YL Beam," April. 1987)



Well judging from the Interstate correspond-ents, activity on the v.h.f. bands is at a low level, but if things are to form, activity should increase with a rush over the mert mostly or so. I would like to bring to your attestion or so. I would like to bring to your atten the lead article in the Federal news of Oct "A.R."

Il would be appreciated if Interstate corrus-pondents could type their copy on half a quarto page, leaving a one-inch wide margin on each side, and poet it so as to reach me by the fourth Friday of the month. Some copy this month's issue arrived at the end first week in October. 13, Cyril VESECE.

NEW SOUTH WALLS

The last meeting of the V.h.f. and T.v. Group was entertained by a Brains Trust. Thank you to the brave lade who fronted up on the rostrum to face an inquisitive audience. Gentle prompting by Vie-Chairman, EZTK, produced several questions and interesting surseers. asveral questions and interesting unawwer.

During the past month another 3 mx day
eyent was been and voted a great excess. As
relatis of this event have not been passed to
your scribe, I am unable to give further details.
The swing to wh.f. day events is preving quite
popular as it allows the family to join in the
tun.

North May be "Name" print Day is drawn the raise for old be followed in a remove of the raise for the raise for the raise for the content of the content of the content of the raise for the raise for

make in the same period.

Lives should be unbanked set of many for one period. One have made the period of the per

over 500 miles. My applogles for any error in this resume as the contest committee failed to supply this information for retransmission and it was hec-essary to cull the information from the Sunday evenling broadcast. All modes may be used in the contest and your presence during the contest would be most welcome.

contest would be most welcome.

During September a 6 mx opening to 1A

During September a 1 mx opening to 1A

Nove a traction of the september a 1A

Nove a traction of the september a 1A

Nove a traction of the september a 1A

Life of the september a 1A

transmit this mode. Tr. Reith VEXZAO.

Haviar Branch.—I Mr. The band has been quiet. Channel 0 has been heard at times, and the control of th

What of the v.h.f. sectivity in Malbourne over Mont of the v.h.f. sectivity in Malbourne over the Mont of the v.h.f. section is the Mont of the v.h.f. Group's in an enverse on MAGII Hie, and judging by the large bushber of orders for the V.h.f. Group's in a coveres of Mont of the Month of the Month

a.m. s.t.h. f.m. and even some c.w. with vertice, picture-measing-the V M.L. Grought 6th Annual Convention was hald over the convention of the vibility of the convention of the consider of with their families and friends the number of with their families and friends the number of the convention of the convention of the convention heavy theachs to Rob 201 for locking after and family theachs in Rob 201 for locking after and Radio Television Club, and the numbers of seed. Well that's all for new, until next month, T. Cyyri 202.

P.S. VK\$ Amatrure look for me on \$1.6 6c. a.m. P.P.S.—Plense accept my apologic or the severe cutting of the W.h.f. Motes la soonth, but there was not enough room for

Tenory. Zenez-During August and September there was no DX recorded, for the bands in the was no DX recorded, for the bands in such 18-day cruds becoming more interesting. Trivor 22CA, Newborough, and Las 22SB, Mas, and looking for Reiberone contact. Soft Poler 22DP in Sale in new s.Lo. on 3 mx sals. T. George 22CO.

QUERNALAND

GUERNIALAND
These notes arrived too laist for the O-cloke times and are being technical at the links and in the latest and late

the will restaurable there are the models and a year her probably possess the probably and a probably and a probably and a probably and a probably at 18 miles and a probably and a probab Peter?

Alan AAI is building a high power 6 mx rig
for the DX season this year George 6230
should also be on high power soon with a
6/60. Alan 42.AW is progressing with his a.s.h
exciter, while Rex 42.RP has given up the idea
to be content with mobiling. 73, kittle 4234W.

WESTERN AUSTRALIA

With the worming up of the weather, activity with the present of the large of relative flast the rest of the large of relative flast the rest of the large of relative flast the rest of the large of th

volings transmission lines near his QTH ec-into operation. This looks to be an increas-scotlern in Perth. (And in Melbourne.—B Editor.) 73. Laurie 672A.

Edition. 7 Th. Lawrite (EEEA.

TARMARIAN

TA

DESCRIPTION, COMMENT Under home of control of the c

YOUTH RADIO SCHEME

We are fast opproaching azamitation time to the second of the second of

CONTEST CALENDAR 11th/12th Nov.: R.S.G.B. 7 Mr. DX Contest

(c.w section). 11th/12th Nov. 25th/36th Nov: "CQ" W.W DX Contest (c.w. section).

Sth Dec 1987/44th Jan, 1988 Ross Hull Manorial Trophy V h.f. Contest.

Red/4th Feb 3th A.R.L. International DX Competition (phone, lat week-end).

19th/18th Feb: 3th A.R.L. Latrastional DX Competition (e.w., lat week-end).

2nd/3rd Mar.: Mth A.R.L. International DX Competition (phone, 2nd week-end).

18th/17th Mar. 28th A.R.R.L. International DX
Competition (c.w., 2nd week-end). JUST ARRIVED-

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FEDERAL AND DIVISIONAL MONTHLY NEWS REPORTS

(SEND CORRESPONDENCE DIRECT TO DIVISIONAL REPORTER NAMED AT PARA, END)

FEDERAL OSL BUREAU

FEDERAL OSL BUREAU
The pre-deferes for the WGGI, Bruese is
Double in Rubbers, William of the State of St.
The surgest address for BLG cards in P.O.
Grant of the Property of the State of St.
Grant of S -- Ray Jones, VICIRJ, Manadel

NEW SOUTH WALES

THE PROPERTY AND ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY OF VICE-PRESIDENT RESIGNS PROM COUNCIL.

SEPTEMBER GENERAL MEETING

The Supportible General McHering was half of good stiendance of members was present. The footness of the footn activities to the meeting. The minute secretary means are the continued to the meeting of the continued to the meeting that the continued to the meeting that the continued to the meeting that the continued to t tonocphere in making radio communications to complete in the control of the contr the signal from each entering/receiver can be heard simultaneously. In explanation, John said that the ears and head acted as a unique sidd that the sare and head acided as a unique phase and amplitude combining network, a function which he fall could not be done to be a superior of the same and the same time to be a superior of the same and the was received BFA copy about he possible. In the same and the same and the same and the and a vice of thanks moved by yours truly was appropriately carried. The meeting was the same and the same and the same as better on DX (to be given by the well known. Sid on DX to be given by Molen, VK2SG

ANNUAL CONVENTION, AUSTRALIA BAY

WEXX-COV. 1869

The Convention is now drawing closer and to pince has a construction of the pince of the pince has a construction of the pince of the pince has a construction of the pince WEEK-END, 1949

V.H.F. AND T.V. GROUP CABABLE

V.B.F. AND T.Y. GROUP CARABET OF IN 18 18 50; the Group Carbon was held on 18 18 50; the Group Carbon was held onestly 18 or to enjoyed a well precented supper and floor show indispersed by danding. The concerned the organism, Norm 22XX. Doub for Group Concerned the organism, Norm 22XX. Doub of Glowing four hours be did a super human lank and arranged for the Manuslage Club to had starting up, the four-course supper was well starting up, the four-course supper was well taken care if and endported by the con-

REQUEST FOR ASSISTANCE-QANTAS In a letter to Dave Jeans. 288J, a Councillot of this Division. Mr. Gibson, the Controller of the Research and Information Bursay of Quntas Alrweys, soys that they have a very comprehensive library on the history of avia-

SILENT KEY It is with deep regret that we

record the passing of the following Amafeure

VK3AJL-J. F. Long VK7XL—George Groves tion and the development of the scroplane II currently contains approximately 3,500 volumes. Gentian know been trying to locate a copy of Gentian know been trying to locate a copy of the control of the control of the control of the Winness Institute of M.R.W. Science of the Winness Institute of M.R.W. Volume 1 published for 1886, and are another to obtain a copy of Volume 2. Any information on this request should be forwarded to Daywe at the QETA or to the Daywent and QETA or the Daywent and QETA or to the Daywent and QETA or the Daywent a

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The Library Nava Canada and the service is not and the service is now headled by the Secretary and the service is now headled by the Secretary Seolit can be obtained for one month by fortime in may be better to use snother mode of treasmission and reception! Very shortly the better than the secretary of the secretary than the secretary that the secretar

CENTRAL COAST RADIO CLUB

CENTRAL COAST RADIO CLUB
For the September meeting. Central Coast
For the September meeting. Central Coast
frig or the Asian Highway from Bombay to
London This was the nathype of the talk
bis recent return from overseas.

The Sid-day but trip covering some Ligodo
the greatest variety of scenery and situations.
The Life was very well flustrated by release
the greatest variety of scenery and situations.
The Life was very well flustrated by release
terms difficulties. 78, Bill 278.

VICTORIA

WORKED ALL NATIONAL PARKS AWARD In an endeavour to stimulate activity, the Victorian Division proposes to establish an award to be known as the Worked All National Victoria Division profess of the National Victoria Division profess of the National Victoria Division and the National Victoria Division of the National Parks and the National Victoria Division of the National Parks and the National Victoria Division of the National Victoria Division of the National Victoria Division of the National Parks and the many fifth the early was desired that the many fifth the early was the second of the National Victoria Division of the National Parks and the National Parks and the National Parks and the National Parks Authority of the Natio

OUEENSLAND

DEWING AND DISTRICT RADIO CLUB
Once again the club has he 4 year eventhal
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of the club has h SPRINGER AND DISTRICT RADIO CLUB

there One of our newer members. Cyril Renton, arrived at the last meeting very pleased with real time of the last meeting very pleased with PMG, that he had passed the A.O.C.P. exten. Norm 4XO and Ron 4RC played hosts to members of the linewich Bowy Termmar School Reids Club. The boys were able to take to the control of the control of the last to th

Tom has been trying to get his 6 mx receiver mounted in his Mini, but easy's find room on the dash, because of a most elaborate instru-ment fee up 1 clocks like it will have to ham from the roof, Tom.

from the roof, Tom. Much discussion about 2 mx club preject, but nothing concrete as yet. May be next month we will knew decided our net frequency and type of gear we will all build. That's all for this north. To, Warren 4GX.

BUNDABERG AMATEUR RADIO CLUB The month of September has been a very busy one for the Club. Most of the Pre ML. Z Taxiphones have been converted and are in going order. We can get a contact on 8 ms most times now \$3.032 Mr is the net frequency. most times now \$1,055 Mr is the net frequency. First to the State-wide V.H. First Day on 17th of the month, we had escuting parties out in all directions trying to find some high ways on 6 mx. Our club members, the younger owns of mx. Our club members, the younger ones, had a mavellous time on two or three many of the country of the the cider rimmbers who elected to stay at home, including yours Tully. The heat had gar, two parties went out, one north to the Jawes Ranges, and one could to McGentenams, for miles away. What great will other Assistant in Rockhampton, 200 miles away to the north, and Brabene, 100 miles away to the rooth, and Brabene, 100 miles away to the train to the term of the stay of the county of the stay of the county of the stay of

on Saturday, 80th, we hald a very successful vi.C.E.N. Exercise with both h.f. and what tations participating. For a first rum, then the control of the participating of the exercise with the control of wild. Some participating. For a first were surprisingly few holdups and cise was finished with nothing will many fiat batteries.

The emergency power plant is progressing lowly towards being finished. We have had o put the launching data back several times not will definitely have it finished before the

newt cyclone season. On the h.f. side of things, the boys are, of course, having a ball with the bands as lively as they are with many new countries worked each week. It is nice to have not been on the air long enough to have worked them all. That which it up for now. 78, Rusty 4754.

ADVERTISERS PLEASE NOTE!

Closing date for all adver-tisements has now been advanced to the first day of the month preceding date of publication. Copy should be sent direct to Richmond Chronicle, Shakespeare St., Richmond, Vic., 3121.

Remember, closing date for copy is 1st of each month.

TOWNSVILLE AND DISTRICT

JUST don't know what is happening these days, apparently my spies have defected as there appears no news of what is happening in this part of the State. Who knows, maybe, I will have to be like PanSy. See the Editor and get a few more zeros added to my salary. and get a few more scrow added to my mater.

No one knows better than 1, howe the DX.

No one knows better than 1, howe the DX.

The control of the control

SO Will make to watch A.S. to had out to a SQL manager, soason saw very little of the Amsterr fraternity passing through, chaning the Sunshine Must be all those droughts causing less pockets. Speaking of droughts innerely hope Black Friday does not return to VK3 land. Espeaking after VK7 this year. Padding will have to cease! 73, Bob 48W.

SOUTH AUSTRALIA

The monthly general meeting of the VK3 Division was held for September in the club rooms to a slightly below average attendance rooms to a slightly below average attendance of members and visitors, the reason for which still remains obscure. However, the only on measures and visitors, the reason for which still remains obscure. However, the outresson I mention it is because these monthly notes always mention the fact that standing room only is untally the case with such noot-ings, and if I occasionally failed to incention om only is unusury to up and the intention of the wise media. In occasionally failed to intention to sometimes below average attendance, one of the Wise Men from the East throat control of the Wise Men from the East throat control of the Wise Men from the East throat control of the Control

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success of the secure and the securer as I. The seeding closed at 10.5 pm. and a The seed of the secure as I. The seed of the secure as I. The seed of the secure as I. The seed of the se

or two members, who must remain unknown for safety reasons—my safety!

Just before the meeting, if members had kept their peepers open, they would have had

the unusual chance of seeing the VKS Dis-posals Committee in aethen in the far correct means are they, ever ready to do buttle or the benefit of members, and ever ready to speak thought of thewriting their pleas, and their contacting run of surcess disposal-wise ever sure of the contact of the contact of the sure of the contact of the contact of the sure of the contact of the contact of the contact and the contact of the contact of the contact of the sure of the contact of the contact of the contact of the sure of the contact of the contact of the contact of the sure of the contact of the contact of the contact of the sure of the contact of the contact of the contact of the sure of the contact of the contact of the contact of the sure of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the sure of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the sure of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the sure of the contact of the contact of the contact of the contact of the sure of the contact of the

Apparently arising from the above im-prompts meeting the chairman, Gilbert 5GX, spoke to the meeting on the availability of a supply of resistors which had just become available from an undisclosed source. Nice

work. Rest EDO, although still in the testing per-loid of his new quest for 13-13-26 ms, is more than pleased with the work is the per-turbation of the per-pendicular per-turbation of the per-pendicular per-turbation of the per-pendicular per-pendicula

In the lates to be an indicated back from a visit to the control particle by the lates of the la

gone on to VKSI and why I persist in this Talking of wheels he is all the second of the State of the sear fortnight. Mis 90w, most of the sear fortnight. Mis 90w, most of the search of the

what it has sective to tartues, peel What about a lecture on the subject to the general membership? You beaut !
Herry SAW heard contacting Don Miller, VQSLCR-VQSCBR, on \$0, 48 and 85 mx, to say nothing of Johnny MKC doing the same and on 1.8 Mc. as well

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There used to be a saying in VZA, copied more than the control of "noop," and that goes for the gang over there.

Don SDX could almost tellam the title of bring the YKS beacon station on 14 Mc., as may time that have been time the board in the band in the band in the been rure the board in the band in the state of the "bounger oldtimers," in fact he could get away with that title, in view of his years of civility in the radio game, both amsteur and civility in the radio game, both amsteur and

celvity in the redde game, both another and The XTL were not to the past of the other past of the control of the past of the past

week, not sit or them anyway!!

Came upon an old copy of "Cq" the other day during one of my somewhat feeble steerpix to they up the abaset and was intelligent to the company of the comp

No., had to be deep for. The term of the control of

Some weeks back, Gary SZK began to dis-mantic his tower and prepare to remove the said tower to another QTM. Either be has got the stitch or the tower is too high, because there is still a lot of tower visible from the Marion Road. Possibly my undercover agent has been mis-informed.

new "unshrells cane" in cur middt. Badden of The Stunder morning WLA. Promisent was a first of the students were street to be a support of the students with some sutherity that SECR is relaying it with some sutherity that SECR is relaying it with a support of the students of the sensor in the Darwin side re-broadcast of the sensor in the Darwin side re-broadcast of the sensor in the Darwin side of the sensor in the SECR is supported by the sensor in the SECR is supported by the sensor in the sensor in

but I don't think he was dishon. Who would be Mark EUP head reporting that his mobile would be a supported to the control of t

country in the country. Why they would not be pleased as he had not been been continued to the country of the c by his 14 Mc. c.w. I wish I had his et and ability.

Have been nobbing for some time from Have been nobbing for some time from Have been and my last mention in these had just shiftled his QTH flows to Victor bour and was in the throse of heulding a home and all that gree with R Rope you weather coming along now, will probably ness Dobbin us again to the sniky and Victor Harbour are hong. See you an extensive year! I hamp into the old.

have joined up after seeing their name in the magazine, appearently they get the message and the seed of the seed

WESTERN AUSTRALIA

WESTERN AUSTRALIA

II Customered Let months the attended by remarked in the victim of all the state of the st

the next counts of years and both were sever All the time of writing, the FAT has departed and the time of writing the FAT has departed even and the time of time

for letters of introduction and general informa-tion on who's who and what's what before the control of the control of the control of interest to note that WeCRA will be visiting Christmas Island during February and if his previous visit to Norfolk Island is any guide, will be very much in demand by the DX

will be very much in demonst by the DX

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TASMANIA

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north-west of the state (and no one was are all is with regard we annotice that Cooper Ris and the state of t

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SHADIT WIG be Calley Tencesive, ED, Fergander, Tane Recordies, Model 2000, Newto-View, in two concilion, 500. Test VVVM, complete, with T, Tane Carellon, 500. Test VVVM, complete, with T, Tone Carellon, 500. Test VVVM, complete with T, Tone Carellon, 500. Test VVM, complete with T, Tone Carellon, 500. Test VVM, complete with T, Tone Carellon, 500. Test VVM, complete with T, E, E, M. Carellon, 500. Fig. Tone Carellon, 100. Sept. 11. Sept. Concept. 60 Fig. Tone Carellon, 100 Fig. Ton

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Amsteur Radio, November, 1967

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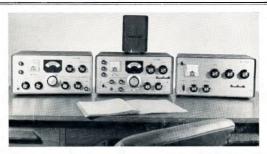
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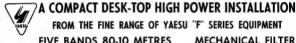
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MECHANICAL FILTER

S.S.B. with V.O.X. & P.T.T., C.W. break-in, and A.M. Transceive or separate operation. FL-200B Transmitter (centre) provides all these facilities-no extras required.

FR-100B Receiver (at left) has features you expect for modern S.S.B., C.W. and A.M. reception.

FL-2000 Linear (at right) provides safe and EFFECTIVE output power. Equally suitable on other transmitters and transceivers. Best linear value in Australia.

All sets have built-in solid state 230v, a.c. 50 c.p.s. Power Supplies. Cabinet color, dark driftwood. Engraved satin-finish panels.

SPECIFICATIONS:

FR-1008; RECEIVER, DE-LUXE MODEL. S.S.S.-A.M.-C.W. dual conversion with crystal locked front end. How includes 100 Kg, calibrator and three ranges on 10 mx. Sensitivity, 0.25 micro-volts for 10 db. S plus N/N ratio. Two mechanical filters, 2.1 Kc. for S.S.B. and 4 Kc. for A.M. Crystal filter for C.W. High reduction precision geer-driven dial with read out of 1 Kc. A.N.L., "S" mater, A.C.C., offset tuning, crystal controlled 8.F.O. with selectable sidebands, built-in monitor, ring demodulator. Freq. renges: 3.5-4.1 Mc., 6.9-7.5 Mc., 13.9-14.5 Mc., 20.9-21.5 Mc., 27.9-28.5 Mc., 28.5-29.5 Mc. Additional crystals available for WWV and three other a.w. ranges between 7.5 and 30 Mc. Adaptor kit available for F.M. \$399.

FL2008: TRANSMITTER, S.S.B.-A.M.-C.W., two SJSSAx (similar SHPS) tubes in p.s., 240w. p.s.p. input. includes in-built antenna relay, V.O.X., A.I.C., U.S.B. L.S.B. selection, extremely stable V.F.D., Kokussi M.F. Carrier and sideband suppression better than -50 cb. Accessory socket provides connections for receiver muting and linear control. Frequency ranges. 3.5-4.1 Mc., 6.9-7.5 Me., 13.9-14.5 Mc., 20.9-21.5 Mc., 27.9-22.5 Mc., 28.5-29.1 Mc., Ali pluos, just, manual and d.b. microphone supplied. Nothing size to buy. On C.W., break-in operation is possible. TRX note, class, chimiess lowler. V.F.O. runs continuously. \$478.

FL2000; LINEAR AMP., four SKD6s in g.g., 30-10 mix. Adds 2 to 3 "S" points to your DX reports. Will metch any 8.5.8, exciter capable of output power of 38 to 100 watts p.e.p. Power switch controls built-in relay for bareloot or amplifier operation withohut any cable changes, Standby switch for Instant change-over A real signal booster for any Amsteur exciter or transceiver available in VK. Simple to connect, easy to tune. Fully metered for plate current, putput, and SWR indicator built-in. Fan cooled, \$278.

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We stock "F" Series valves, diodes, matching speakers and spares; TA-33JR tri-band beams, SWR meters, co-axial connectors, etc. All prices incl. S.T., freight extra,

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